

Version 2.

Print Date 04/28/2011

**REVISION DATE: 05/08/2009** 

#### **SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

Trade name

SHEETING BOND WHITE 5 GALSHEETING BOND WHITE 5 GAL

Product code

046505 805

COMPANY

: Tremco Incorporated 3735 Green Road

Cleveland, OH 44122

Telephone

: (216) 292-5000 8:30 - 5:00 EST : (216) 765-6727 8:30 - 5:00 EST

Emergency Phone:

After Hours: Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

Product use

: Sealant

### SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### **Emergency Overview**

White. Non-sag gunnable paste. May cause nausea, headaches, and dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and fatigue. May cause moderate irritation to the respiratory system. Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.

#### Acute Potential Health Effects/ Routes of Entry

Inhalation

May cause nausea, headaches, and dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and

fatigue. May cause moderate irritation to the respiratory system.

Eyes

Direct contact may cause mild irritation. Direct contact may cause temporary redness and

discomfort.

Ingestion

May cause irritation to the mouth, throat and stomach. May cause gastrointestinal irritation,

nausea, and vomiting.

Skin

May cause mild irritation.

#### **Aggravated Medical Conditions**

Pre-existing eye, skin, liver, kidney, and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure.

#### **Chronic Health Effects**

Prolonged or repeated exposure to xylene may cause defatting, drying, and irritation of the skin, dermatitis, central nervous system (CNS) effects, heart muscle sensitization and arrhythmia, hearing loss, and brain, liver, kidney damage. Xylene overexposure may affect fetal development. Inhalation of crystalline silica (quartz) can cause cancer based on animal data, and IARC concludes sufficient evidence in humans (Group 1). Prolonged and repeated overexposure to free crystalline silica dust above the TLV level may cause scarring of the lungs with cough and shortness of breath. A delayed lung injury, silicosis may result from breathing free silica. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has evaluated ethylbenzene and classified it as a possible human carcinogen (Group 2B) based on sufficient evidence for carcinogenicity in experimental animals, but inadequate evidence for cancer in exposed humans. Fillers are encapsulated and not expected to be released from product under normal conditions of use.

#### SECTION 3 - PRODUCT COMPOSITION

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight %
Calcium Carbonate (Limestone) Polybutene	1317-65-3 9003-29-6	40.0 - 70.0 10.0 - 30.0
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Inhalation

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Xviene 1330-20-7 10.0 - 30.0 Polyisobutylene resin NJ TSRN# 51721300-5362P 5.0 - 10.0 Heavy paraffinic distillate 64741-88-4 3.0 - 7.0 Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7 3.0 - 7.0Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 1.0 - 5.0Amorphous silica 7631-86-9 1.0 - 5.0

14808-60-7

#### SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand

Get immediate medical attention for any significant overexposure.

: Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get

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medical attention.

Eye contact : Flush with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eye lids apart. Get medical

attention immediately.

Skin contact : Wash area of contact thoroughly with hand cleaner followed by soap and water. If

irritation, rash or other disorders develop, get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting unless advised by a physician. Call nearest Poison Control

Center or Physician immediately.

#### **SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

Flash point : Not available. Method : Not available.

Burning rate : Non-flammable solid

Lower explosion limit : Not available.

Upper explosion limit : Not available.

Autoignition temperature : Not available.

Extinguishing media : If water fog is ineffective, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam.

Hazardous combustion

products

Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide can form. Smoke, fumes.

Protective equipment for : Use accepted fire fighting techniques. Wear full firefighting protective

firefighters clothing, including self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

Fire and explosion conditions : Vapors may travel to sources of ignition and flashback.Empty containers

may contain ignitable vapors. Vapor concentrations in enclosed areas

may ignite explosively.

#### SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Use appropriate protective equipment. Avoid contact with material. Remove sources of ignition immediately. Stop flow of material if safe to do so. Contain spill and keep out of water courses. Ventilate area. Use non-sparking tools. Scrape up and transfer to appropriate container for disposal.





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#### **SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Prevent inhalation of vapor, ingestion and contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Preferably use entire contents in one continuous work session. Do not smoke, weld, generate sparks, or use flame near container. Change soiled work clothes frequently. Clean hands thoroughly after handling Do not store or use near food. Keep container closed when not in use. Since emptied containers retain product residue and vapor, observe precautions even after container is emptied. Store under dry warehouse conditions away from heat and all ignition sources.

#### SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

### as Personal protection equipment services and the protection equipment

Respiratory protection

Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. Wear appropriate, properly fitted NIOSH/MSHA approved organic vapor or supplied air respirator when airborne contaminant level(s) are expected to exceed exposure limits indicated on the MSDS. Follow manufacturer's directions for respirator use.

Hand protection

Use suitable impervious nitrile or neoprene gloves and protective apparel to reduce exposure.

Eye protection

Wear appropriate eye protection. Use safety glasses if eye contact is likely.

Skin and body protection

Prevent contact with shoes and clothing.

Protective measures

: Use professional judgment in the selection, care, and use.

Engineering measures

: Use only in well ventilated areas. Provide maximum ventilation in enclosed areas. Use local exhaust when the general ventilation is inadequate.

#### **Exposure Limits**

Chemical Name	CAS Number	<u>Regulation</u>	<u>Limit</u>	Form
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	OSHA PEL:	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
(Limestone)		OSHA PEL:	15 mg/m3	Total dust
,		ACGIH TWA:	3 mg/m3	Respirable particles.
and or relationship years and	rib navieso oze lovito vi	ACGIH TWA:	10 mg/m3	Inhalable particles.
Lose the College of the model of the control of	sa siisanii. noosatt krea	OSHA TWA:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Colombia Sodo governo de Milliana a Maria de	1943 - Maddi British British Ballanda (1947) - Farancia - Farancia - Farancia - Farancia - Farancia - Farancia	OSHA TWA:	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Xylene	1330-20-7	ACGIH TWA:	100 ppm	
		ACGIH STEL:	150 ppm	
		OSHA PEL:	435 mg/m3	
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	ACGIH TWA:	10 mg/m3	
		OSHA PEL:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		OSHA TWA:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		OSHA TWA:	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH TWA:	100 ppm	
		ACGIH STEL:	125 ppm	
		OSHA PEL:	435 mg/m3	
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Chemical Name	CAS Number	Regulation	Limit	Form
Amorphous silica	7631-86-9	ACGIH TWA:	3 mg/m3	Respirable particles.
1		ACGIH TWA:	10 mg/m3	Inhalable particles.
		OSHA PEL:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		OSHA PEL:	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
	-	OSHA TWA:	0.8 mg/m3	
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/	14808-60-7	OSHA TWA:	0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.
Silica Sand		OSHA TWA:	0.3 mg/m3	Total dust.
		OSHA PEL:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		OSHA PEL:	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		ACGIH TWA:	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
			<u> </u>	

#### SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form

: Non-sag gunnable paste

Color

: White

Odor

: Aromatic Solvent

рΗ

: Not available.

Vapour pressure

: Not available.

Vapor density

: Heavier than air

Melting point/range

: Not available.

Freezing point

: Not available.

Boiling point/range

: Not available.

Water solubility
Specific Gravity

: Insoluble

% Volatile Weight

: 1.45 : 14 %

#### **SECTION 10 - REACTIVITY / STABILITY**

Substances to avoid

Oxidizing agents

Stability

: Material is stable under normal storage, handling, and use.

Hazardous polymerization

: Will not occur under normal conditions.

#### SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Xylene, CAS-No.: 1330-20-7

Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)

4,300 mg/kg (Rat) 1,590 mg/kg (Mouse) 6,670 mg/kg (Rat

) 3,523 - 8,600 mg/kg (Rat) 5,627 mg/kg (Mouse)

Acute inhalation toxicity (LC-50)

6,350 mg/l for 4 h (Rat) 3,907 mg/l for 6 h (Mouse) 8,000

mg/l for 4 h (Rat)

Ethylbenzene, CAS-No.: 100-41-4

Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)
Acute dermal toxicity (LD-50 dermal)

5,460 mg/kg (Rat) 3,500 mg/kg (Rat)

17,800 mg/kg (Rabbit)

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Amorphous silica, CAS-No.: 7631-86-9

Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral)

22,500 mg/kg (Rat) 15,000 mg/kg (Mouse)

#### SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No Data Available

#### SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Method : - Subject to hazardous waste treatment, storage and disposal requirements under

RCRA. Dispose of in a contained chemical landfill in compliance with federal, state and

local regulations.

#### **SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION / SHIPPING DATA**

#### TDG / DOT Shipping Description:

NOT REGULATED

#### SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### North American Inventories:

All components are listed or exempt from the TSCA inventory.

This product or its components are listed on, or exempt from the Canadian Domestic Substances List.

**U.S. Federal Regulations:** 

SARA 313 Components

: Xylene

1330-20-7

Ethylbenzene

100-41-4

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Acute Health Hazard --

Chronic Health Hazard

OSHA Hazardous Components:

Calcium Carbonate (Limestone)

1317-65-3

Xylene

1330-20-7

Titanium dioxide

13463-67-7

Ethylbenzene

100-41-4

Amorphous silica

7631-86-9

Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand

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OSHA Status: Considered hazardous based on the

: Irritant Carcinogen

following criteria:

OSHA Flammability

: Not Regulated

Regulatory VOC (less water and

exempt solvent)

: 210 g/l

VOC Method 310 : 14%

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Chemical is listed as an IARC, NTP, OSHA, or ACGIH Carcinogen:

Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand

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U.S. State Regulations:

MASS RTK Components :

Calcium Carbonate (Limestone)

1317-65-3 1330-20-7

Xvlene Titanium dioxide

13463-67-7

Ethylbenzene

100-41-4

Amorphous silica

7631-86-9

Penn RTK Components

Calcium Carbonate (Limestone)

1317-65-3

Polybutene **Xylene** 

9003-29-6

Polvisobutylene resin

1330-20-7

NJ TSRN# 51721300-5362P 64741-88-4

Heavy paraffinic distillate Titanium dioxide

13463-67-7

Ethylbenzene

100-41-4

Amorphous silica

7631-86-9

NJ RTK Components

Calcium Carbonate (Limestone)

1317-65-3

Polybutene

9003-29-6

Xylene

1330-20-7

Polyisobutylene resin

NJ TSRN# 51721300-5362P

Heavy paraffinic distillate

64741-88-4

Ethylbenzene

100-41-4

Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand

14808-60-7

WARNING! Contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and/or other reproductive harm:

100-41-4

Ethylbenzene

14808-60-7

Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand

108-88-3

Toluene

1333-86-4

Carbon Black

#### **SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

#### **HMIS Rating:**

Health	2	
Flammability	2	
Reactivity	0	
PPE		
	1	

0 = Minimum

1 = Slight

2 = Moderate

3 = Serious4 = Severe

#### Further information:

For Industrial Use Only. Keep out of Reach of Children. The hazard information herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to their own investigation of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition.

#### Prepared by: Rich Mikol

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Hygienists

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

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CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability

Act

DOT - Department of Transportation

DSL - Domestic Substance List

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency

HMIS - Hazardous Materials Information System

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

MSHA - Mine Safety Health Administration

NDSL - Non-Domestic Substance List

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NTP - National Toxicology Program

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration (American Health Administration (American

RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RTK - Right To Know

SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV - Threshold Limit Value

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

TWA - Time Weighted Average

V - Volume

VOC - Volatile Organic Compound

Add to WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information

System

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