

COMPOSITE PLY HTCOMPOSITE PLY HTVersion 1.
REVISION DATE: 03/18/2009

Print Date 06/30/2011

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Trade name : COMPOSITE PLY HTCOMPOSITE PLY HT
 Product code : 108800 601

COMPANY : Tremco Incorporated
 3735 Green Road
 Cleveland, OH 44122

Telephone : (216) 292-5000 8:30 - 5:00 EST
 Emergency Phone: : (216) 765-6727 8:30 - 5:00 EST
 After Hours: Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

Product use : Roof Sheeting

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**Emergency Overview**

Black. Solid ply rolls. Not applicable under normal conditions of use. Generally not required under normal conditions of use.

Acute Potential Health Effects/ Routes of Entry

Inhalation : Not applicable under normal conditions of use.
 Eyes : Not applicable under normal conditions of use.
 Ingestion : Not applicable under normal conditions of use.
 Skin : May cause mild irritation.

Aggravated Medical Conditions

Pre-existing eye, skin and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure.

Chronic Health Effects

This product contains granular materials which may cause mechanical skin, eye or respiratory irritation. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has classified ceramic fiber, fibrous glasswool, and mineral wool (rockwool and slagwool) as possible human carcinogens (Group 2B) based on sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in animals but insufficient data in humans. In the National Toxicology Program's (NTP) 7th Annual Report on Carcinogens (1994), respirable glasswool was classified as reasonably anticipated to be carcinogenic. Inhalation of crystalline silica (quartz) can cause cancer based on animal data, and IARC concludes sufficient evidence in humans (Group 1). Prolonged and repeated overexposure to free crystalline silica dust above the TLV level may cause scarring of the lungs with cough and shortness of breath. A delayed lung injury, silicosis may result from breathing free silica. OSHA considers fibrous glass dust a nuisance dust. Fibrous glass can cause dermatitis, local irritation.

Target Organs: Skin, Eye, Lung

SECTION 3 - PRODUCT COMPOSITION

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight %
Asphalt	8052-42-4	40.0 - 70.0
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand	14808-60-7	15.0 - 40.0
Calcium Carbonate (Limestone)	1317-65-3	15.0 - 40.0
Fibrous Glass	65997-17-3	5.0 - 10.0



COMPOSITE PLY HT **COMPOSITE PLY HT**

Version 1.

Print Date 06/30/2011

REVISION DATE: 03/18/2009

SBR Coating	NJ TSRN# 51721300-5800P	1.0 - 5.0
Magnesite	546-93-0	1.0 - 5.0

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Get immediate medical attention for any significant overexposure.

- Inhalation : Generally not required under normal conditions of use.
- Eye contact : Generally not required under normal conditions of use.
- Skin contact : Clean area of contact thoroughly using soap and water. If irritation, rash or other disorders develop, get medical attention immediately.
- Ingestion : Not applicable under normal conditions of use.
- Notes to physician : Not applicable.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

- Flash point : Not available.
- Method : Not available.
- Lower explosion limit : Not available.
- Upper explosion limit : Not available.
- Autoignition temperature : Not available.
- Hazardous combustion products : Hydrogen sulfide and hydrocarbon fractions.
- Protective equipment for firefighters : Use accepted fire fighting techniques. Wear full firefighting protective clothing, including self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Scrape up and transfer to appropriate container for disposal.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Store under normal warehouse conditions.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protection equipment

- Respiratory protection : Not required under normal conditions of use.
- Hand protection : Use suitable impervious leather gloves and protective apparel to reduce exposure.
- Eye protection : Wear appropriate eye protection.
- Skin and body protection : Not required.
- Protective measures : Other equipment not normally required.
- Engineering measures : General ventilation is sufficient.